Energy Investment Outlook

20th October 2019 EESS

Confidential

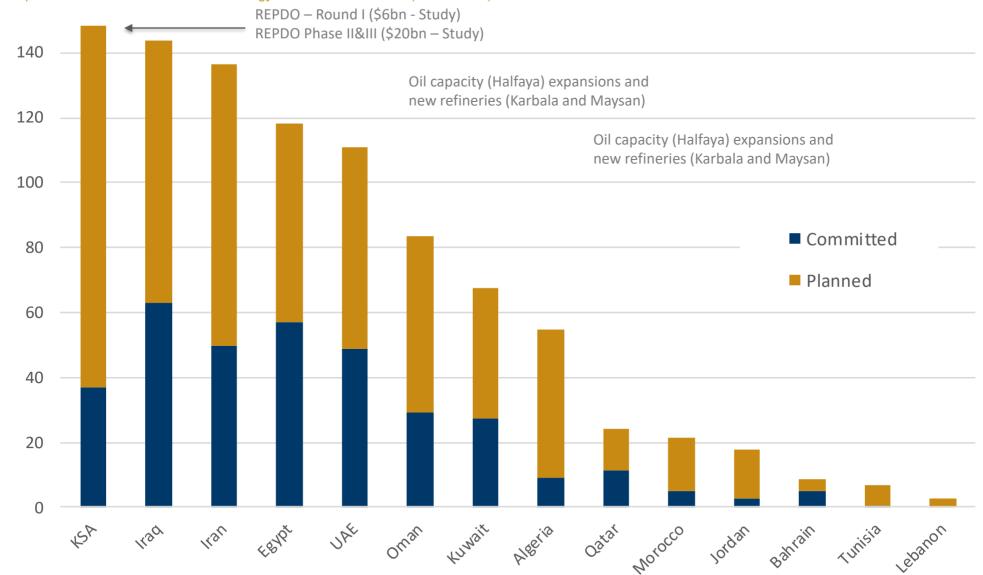
ARAB PETROLEUM INVESTMENT CORPORATION



Planned and committed MENA energy investments: \$961 billion for next 5 years

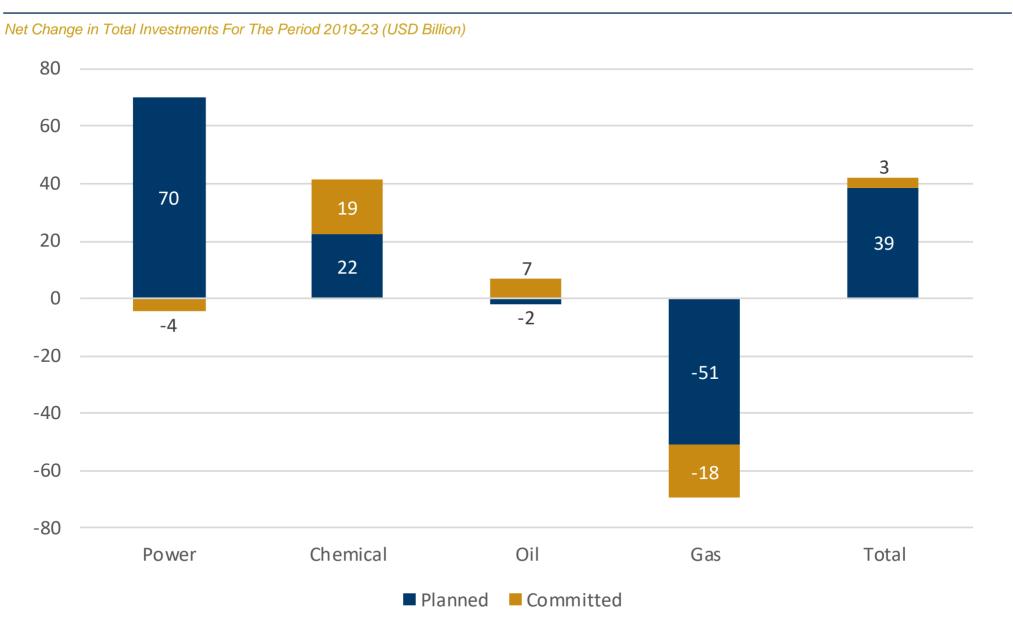


Total planned and committed MENA energy investment 2019-23 (USD billion)



Decrease in gas is offset by greenfield power and chemicals

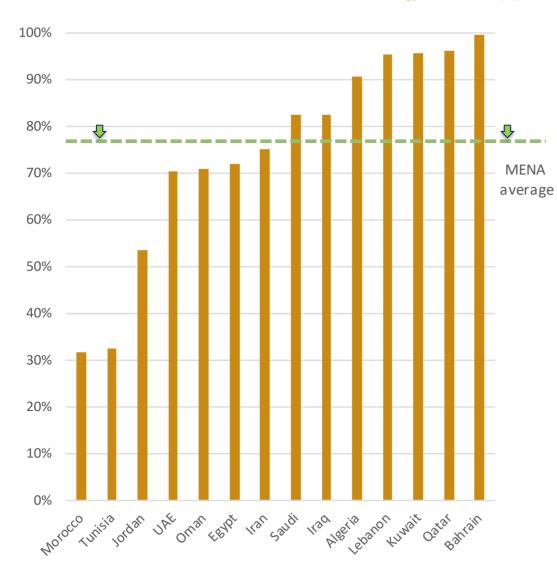




Private sector: positive on reforms and economic diversification, private finance has not grabbed as big a share of investment



Government led investments as a share of total MENA energy investment (%)



Major trends:

Sector reforms & balance sheet optimization:

IPO activity, restructuring and unbundling of stateowned entities,

Sector reforms, privatisations, bond issuances

Upstream Oil & Gas:

Large share of investment is still being shouldered by NOCs/IOCs equity

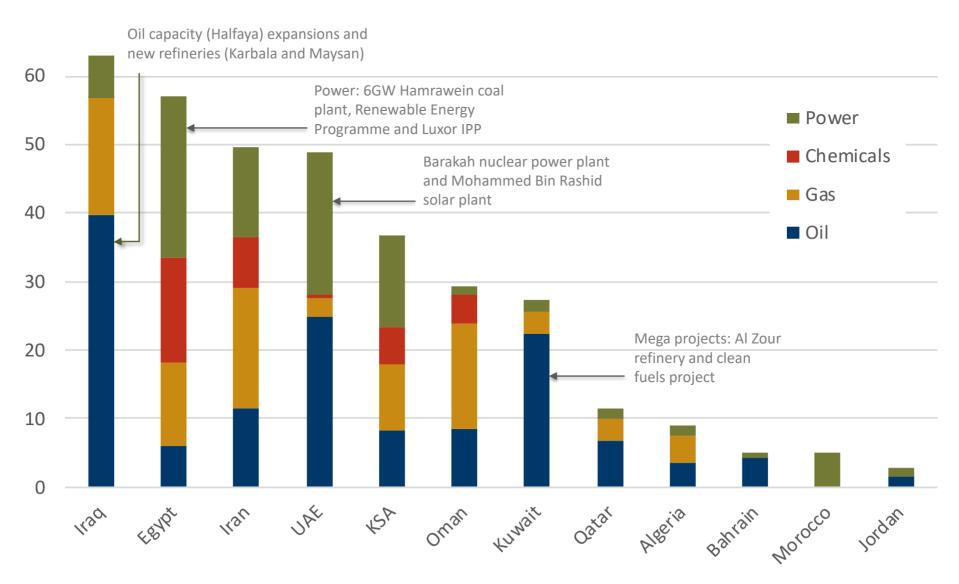
Electricity:

Debt-equity ratios 85:15 for lower risk profile projects backed by strong government payment guarantees

Committed investments up by 1%, supported Iraq and Egypt



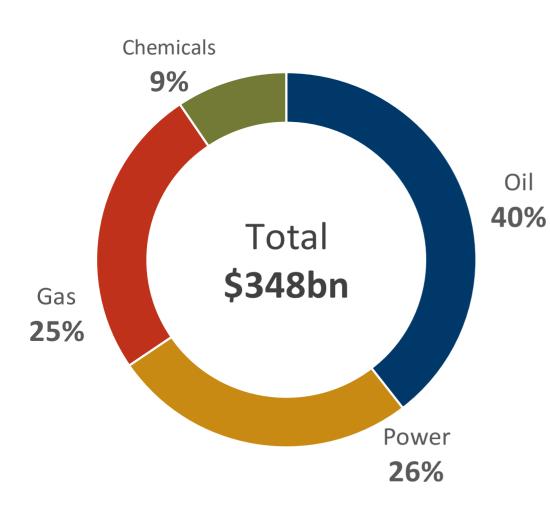
Committed MENA Energy Investment by sector 2019-23 (USD billion)



Committed power investments overtook gas for 1st time



Committed MENA energy investment by sector (%)



Petrochemicals:

Largest increase in committed investment relative to our 2018 outlook (\$33 billion)

Gas:

Decreased Y-o-Y investments due to:

1. Completion of several major projects:

KSA: Wasit (3 bcfd peak, \$4.7 bn)

UAE: Shah & Bab sour gas (\$5bn)

Oman: Khazzan 45% complete

Egypt: Zohr + Ph.1 prod. facilities (\$11 bn of

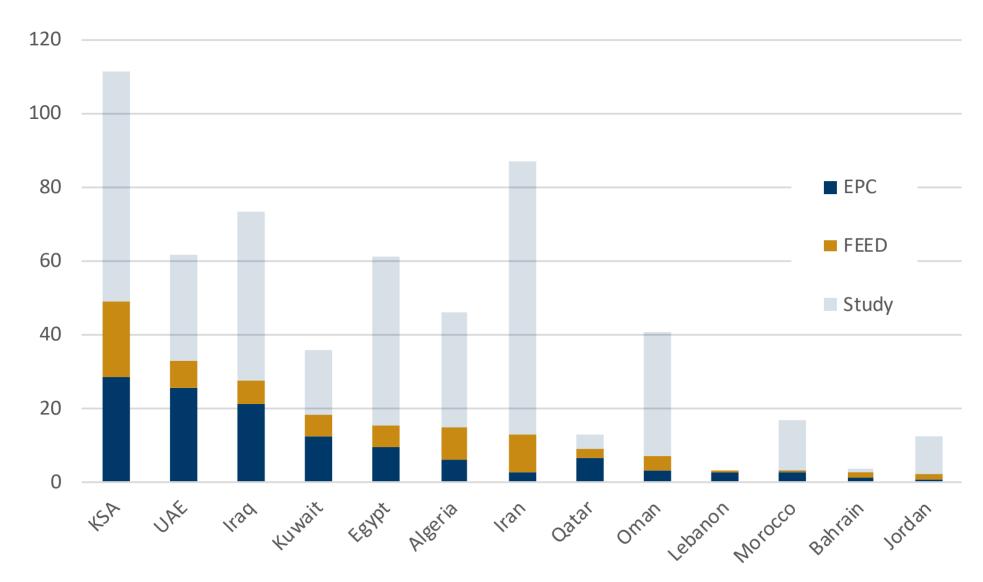
\$12 bn budget spent), WND

- 2. Major downward revision in Iran (\$3bn,
- 1.3 bcm): sanctions and negative outlook
- 3. Possible delays: Algeria's Berkhine gas development

Saudi Arabia's power and Iraq's oil sectors drive 7% growth in planned energy investment

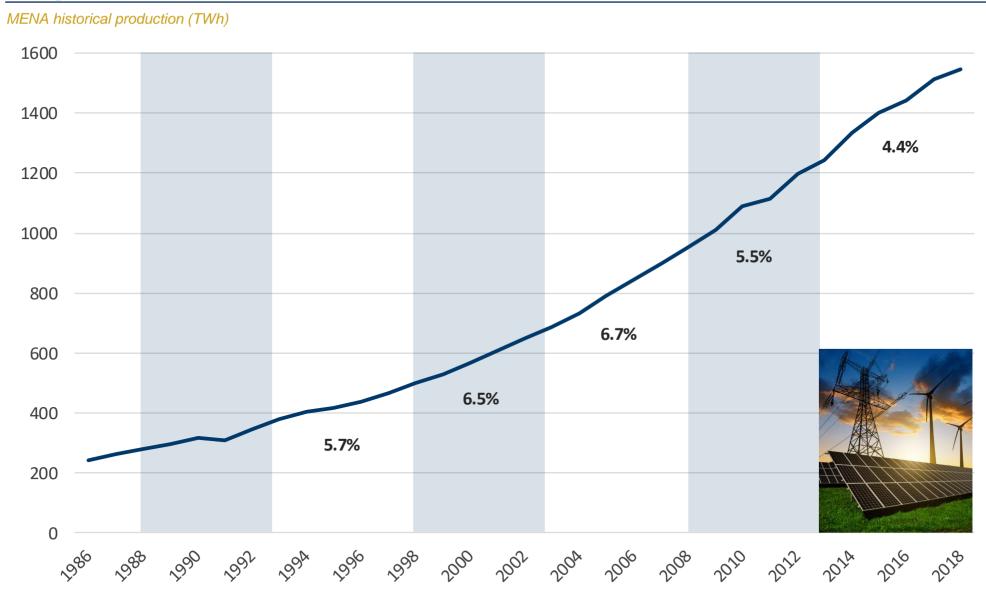


Planned MENA Energy Investment 2019-23 (USD Billion)



Electricity consumption growth: towards long-awaited respite?





Electricity capacity: need to add 88GW or +4% yearly between 2019-2023 Higher share of renewables but gas remains dominant fuel





