

In the most recent Participation Assessment^{III} covering the first half of 2023, countries earning a "Good" rating for "Sustainability" rose to 68% of all participants, approaching the pre-COVID levels of ~70%. Meanwhile, the number of countries earning a "Good" rating for "Timeliness" fell by one and "Completeness" rose by two compared to the previous reporting period. The JODI Partners have been redoubling efforts to engage with key stakeholders through outreach and training workshops. Yet as has been the case with JODI-Oil since inception, there is no room for complacency.

Number of Countries/Economies Earning "Good" or © Ratings

	January-June 2023	June-December 2022	January-June 2022	July-December 2021
Sustainability	79	76	79	76
Timeliness	55	56	55	58
Completeness	62	60	64	63

As JODI-Oil is by nature a work in progress, there is always room for improvement. One ongoing challenge is the issue of incomplete or missing data for certain countries and economies, which limits JODI-Oil's ability to provide a fully representative summary of the market. Another challenge is improving the timeliness and sustainability of JODI-Oil submissions. Only 47% of participating countries received a "Good" rating for timeliness in the first half of 2023. Some national administrations do not submit JODI-Oil questionnaires until they have data for all relevant fields, which negatively impacts their timeliness assessment. The JODI Partners are striving to encourage these economies to submit partial data when it becomes available, and then to subsequently submit complete questionnaires. Calls for more complete questionnaires and the submission of partial questionnaires as soon as data become available may appear contradictory, but given the way in which Timeliness is evaluated, they are in fact complementary.

Adequate support for data transparency also represents a challenge, as the success of JODI requires sustained commitment at all levels: from Leaders and Ministers to statisticians who work directly with energy data. It is imperative that top-level political commitment reaches the front-line actors working to collect and analyze JODI data, as in some cases scarce resources place limitations on staff working with JODI and more broadly data transparency.

A Glossary of the JODI-Oil Participation Assessment Definitions: Sustainability, Timeliness and Completeness

Sustainability measures the number of JODI-Oil questionnaires received within a given time period (six months). Sustainability assessments for each participating country or economy are based on the number of JODI-Oil questionnaires received by the submission deadline for the reference assessment period. A Good rating, or smiley face, is earned when a country or economy submits JODI data for all six months.

Timeliness evaluates whether data were submitted at or before the expected deadline. A smiley face is awarded when all six submissions were received within two months of the end of the reference month.

Completeness tracks the number of data points submitted out of the maximum of 42 in the JODI questionnaire. To earn a smiley face, each country or economy must submit more than 90% of its data related to production, demand and stock changes.

^[1] The most recent assessment, which covers the period from January through June 2023, is featured on the back of this document. It is also available at www.jodidata.org



JODI-Oil Participation Assessment for the period January-June 2023

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Albania	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	Gambia	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Niger	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Algeria	\odot	\odot	\odot	Georgia	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	\odot	Nigeria	\odot	\odot	\odot
Angola	\odot	\odot	\odot	Germany	\odot	\odot	(\mathbf{i})	Norway	\odot	\odot	\odot
Argentina	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Greece	<u>()</u>	\odot	(\mathbf{i})	Oman	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Armenia	\odot	\odot	$\overline{(i)}$	Grenada	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Panama	\odot	\odot	\odot
Australia	\odot	\odot	\odot	Guatemala	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Papua New Guinea	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{o}}$	\bigcirc
Austria	\odot	\odot	\odot	Guyana	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Paraguay	\odot	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$
Azerbaijan	\odot	:	\odot	Haiti	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Peru	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$
Bahrain	\odot	\odot	\odot	Honduras	\odot	\odot		Philippines	$\overline{\mathbf{o}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$
Bangladesh	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Hong Kong, China	\odot	\odot	\odot	Poland	\odot	\odot	\odot
Barbados	($\overline{\otimes}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	Hungary	\odot	\odot	\odot	Portugal	\odot	\odot	\odot
Belarus	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Iceland	\odot	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	Qatar	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Belgium	\odot	\odot	\odot	India	\odot	\odot	\odot	Romania	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{S}}$	\odot
Belize	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Indonesia	\odot	\odot	\odot	Russian Federation	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$
Bermuda	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Iran	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Saudi Arabia	\odot	\odot	\odot
Bolivia	\odot	$\overline{\otimes}$	\odot	Iraq	\odot	\odot	\odot	Singapore	\odot	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$
Brazil	\odot	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	Ireland	\odot		\odot	Slovak Republic	\odot		\odot
Brunei Darussalam	\odot	\odot	\odot	Italy	\odot	\odot	\odot	Slovenia	\odot	\odot	\odot
Bulgaria	\odot	\odot	\odot	Jamaica	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	South Africa	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Canada	\odot	\odot	\odot	Japan	\odot	\odot	\odot	Spain	\odot	\odot	\odot
Chile	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{S}}$	÷	Kazakhstan	\odot	\odot	\odot	Sudan	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
China	\odot	÷	\bigcirc	Korea	\odot	\odot	\odot	Suriname	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Colombia	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Kuwait	\odot	\odot	\odot	Sweden	\odot	\odot	\odot
Costa Rica	\odot		\odot	Latvia	\odot	\odot		Switzerland	\odot	\odot	\odot
Croatia	\odot	\odot	\odot	Libya	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Syria	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Cuba	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Lithuania	\odot		\odot	Taiwan, China	\odot	\odot	\odot
Cyprus	\odot	\odot	\odot	Luxembourg	\odot	\odot	\odot	Thailand	\odot	\odot	\odot
Czech Republic	\odot	\odot	\odot	North Macedonia	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Tajikistan	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$
Denmark	\odot	\odot	\odot	Malaysia	\odot	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	Trinidad & Tobago	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Dominican Republic	\odot	$\overline{\otimes}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	Malta	\odot	\odot	\odot	Tunisia	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{S}}$	\odot
Ecuador	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Mauritius	\odot	$\overline{\otimes}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	Turkey	\odot	\odot	\odot
Egypt	\odot	\odot	\bigcirc	Mexico	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	\odot	Ukraine	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
El Salvador	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	Moldova	\odot		\odot	United Arab Emirates	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Equatorial Guinea	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$	\odot	Morocco	\odot	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$		United Kingdom	\odot	\odot	\odot
Estonia	\odot	\odot	\odot	Myanmar	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	United States	\odot	\odot	\odot
Eswatini	\odot	\odot	\odot	Nepal	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Uruguay	\odot	()	\odot
Finland	\odot	\odot	\odot	Netherlands	\odot	\odot	\odot	Venezuela	\odot	\odot	\odot
France	\odot	\odot	\odot	New Zealand	\odot	\odot	\odot	Vietnam	$\overline{\mathbf{S}}$	(\mathbf{i})	$\overline{\mathbf{i}}$
Gabon	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	Nicaragua	\odot	$\overline{\otimes}$	\odot	Yemen	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
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©⊜⊗ Submission

©⊜⊗ Timeliness

Completeness

Assessment for the period January - June 2023 Not assessable (n.a.) is applied when a country or economy did not submit

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© Good ⊕ Fair ⊗ Poor JODI-Oil questionnaire data during the assessment period nor during the 6 months prior to the period.

JODI: A Concrete Outcome of the Producer - Consumer Dialogue With the support of the Joint Organisations Data Initiative Partners





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