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Hands-on exercise using sample data

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Exercises

- Around 100 countries submits monthly JODI
- It is important that the quality of data is checked <u>before</u> submission
- The following exercises are based on actual submissions, where we hide the country and mask the numbers (multiplying by a constant)

Setting an example in the JODI Extended questionnaire:

JOINT OIL DATA INITIATIVE - Maxi-JODI

Country

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Month

Unit: Thousand Metric Tons

me			Petroleum Products								\frown					
ete Outco		Crude Oil	NGL	Other	Total (1)+(2)+(3)		LPG	Naphth a	Gasolin e	Total Kerosene	Of which: Jet Kerosene	Gas/ Diesel Oil	Fuel Oil	Other Products	Total Products (5)+(6) +(7) +(8) +(10) +(11) +(12)	
ncr		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
ပိ	 Production 	235		116	351	 Refinery Output 	243	687	1810	439	440	3533	568	1153	8433	1
A	 From Other sources 			296	296	 Receipts 	5	45	302	0	0	20	29	104	505	
	 Imports 	6305			6305	 Imports 	71	733	219	401	400	964	254	205	3247	Total is not sum
ш	- Exports				0	- Esports	33	57	337	53	53	733	194	281	1688	
\geq	* Transferred			745	745	- Products Transferre	4	21	122	0	0	31	107	240	525	
H	- Direct Use			155	155	 Interproduct Transfe 	0	186	-185	0	0	0	0	0	1	Total should be
\triangleleft	- Stock Change	-123			-123	- Stock Change	-4	11	24	3	3	-362	0	-37	-365	
H	- Statistical Differen	396	0	157	\$53	- Statistical Difference	-64	22	-138	22	24	81	-102	88	-91	
₹	= Refinery Intake	6267		845	7112	= Demand	350	1540	1801	762	760	4034	652	890	10029	
	Closing stocks	19912			19912	Closing stocks	73	417	3383	1297	1293	10741	-102	1082	16891	
UISATIONS DATA	Automatic Checks 1663 Total sum 0K Statistical Difference 0K Negative Products Transferred 0K Negative Stock Yalues 0K Negative Stock Yalues 0K Refinerg Losses -1,321 Beported figures imply a refinery gain. Losses should not be negative Negative Stock Yalues										tigate					
ORGAN	More product detail requested including a column for other products.															

Automatic checks to more quickly see potential discrepancies.

1) Take 5 minutes to analyze the submission below and take notes.

- Discuss with your colleagues
- Does everything seem consistent?

	Crude Oil	NGL	Other	Total (1)+(2)+(3)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
+ Production	1798		91	314
+ From Other sources			299	299
+ Imports				
- Exports	1819			1819
Products Transferred + /Backflows			992	992
- Direct Use			462	492
- Stock Change	-44			-44
- Statistical Difference	-66	Q	30	-66
= Refinery Intake	53534		890	54424
Closing stocks	19920	-89		19831

Answer:

	Crude Oil	NGL	Other	Total (1)+(2)+(3)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
+ Production	1798		91	314	
+ From Other sources			299	299	
+ Imports					
- Exports	1819			1819	
+ Products Transferred /Backflows			992	992	
- Direct Use			462	492	
- Stock Change	-44			-44	
- Statistical Difference	-66	0	30	- <mark>66</mark>	
= Refinery Intake	53534		890	54424	
Closing stocks	19920	-89		19831	

Calculated
<u>Crude Oil</u> and <u>NG</u> L
Refinery Intake =
Production
+ Imports
– Exports
– Direct Use
 Stock Change
Note that for Other Primary
oducts you need to add From

Other Sources and Product Transferred/ Backflows

Pr

- The Statistical Difference for Crude Oil is not calculated correctly : Calculated Refinery Intake = 1798 - 1819 - (-44) = 23

Observed Refinery Intake = 53534

Statistical Difference = Calculated Refinery Intake – Observed Refinery Intake 23 – 53534 = – 53511 Missing imports? Underreported production? Wrong units? - NGL: negative closing stocks, no other flows reported.

- The column "Total" is not equal to its components for Production, Direct Use and Statistical Difference.

1) Take 15 minutes to analyze the submission below and take notes. Discuss with your colleagues what is wrong in the following cells;

					F	etroleum I	Products			
• tal •(2)+(3)		LPG	Naphtha	Gasoline	Total Kerosene	Of which: Jet Kerosene	Gas/ Diesel Oil	Fuel Oil	Other Products	Total Products (5)+(6) +(7) +(8) +(10) +(11) +(12)
(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
351	+ Refinery Output	243	687	1810	439	440	3533	568	1153	8433
296	+ Receipts	5	45	302	0	0	20	29	104	505
305	+ Imports	71	733	219	401	400	964	254	205	3247
0	- Exports	33	57	337	53	53	733	194	281	1688
745	- Products Transferred	4	21	122	0	0	31	107	240	525
155	+ Interproduct Transfers	0	186	-185	0	0	0	0	0	1
-123	- Stock Change	-4	11	24	3	3	-362	0	-37	-365
553	- Statistical Difference	-64	22	-138	22	24	81	-102	88	
7112	= Demand	350	1540	1801	762	760	4034	652	890	10029
19912	Closing stocks	73	417	3383	1297	1293	10741	-102	1082	16891

Balance Check:

Calculated Supply =

Refinery Output + Receipts + Imports – Exports – Product Transferred + Interproduct Transfers - Stock changes

- Of which Jet Kerosene is greater than Total Kerosene;
- Negative stocks of Fuel Oil;

DATA INITIATIVE

ORGANISATIONS

- LPG and Fuel Oil Statistical Difference above 10% of Demand;
- The sum of imported products is too high (3247). The "of which item" should not be counted, therefore it should be 3247 400 (Jet Kerosene) = 2847;
- Example of a correct balance calculation:

	Calculated Gasoline	<u>supply</u>	Demand = 1801
	Production	1818	Therefore statistical difference
	+ Receipts	302	meretore statistical unreferice
	+ Imports	219	= 1663 - 1801 = -138
	– Exports	337	
-	 Product Transferred 	122	
-	+ Interproduct Transfer	-85	
	– Stock changes	24	
		1663	

For Example, Fuel Oil

- Some closing stocks are negative!
- However, it seems that what is reported as "stock closing" actually refers to "stock change", as the calculated supply ...

Calculated Supply = Refinery Output + Receipts + Imports – Exports – Product Transferred + Interproduct Transfers - Stock changes

... would match perfectly the demand if we replaced "stock change" by "<u>stock closing</u>".

For Example, Fuel Oil

Calculated Fuel Oil supply

Production	568	
+ Receipts	29	
+ Imports	254	
– Exports	194	
- Product Transferred	107	
+Interproduct Transfer	0	
- Stock changes*	-102	*Closing stock (-102)
	652	Demand is also 652

What is reported in "stock change", then, if it can be negative?

- But this is guesswork and it should be avoided:
 - By quality checks before submission
 - Or, after submission, by contacting back the data providers for clarification

Balance Check:

Please also pay attention to the balance between the Primary and Secondary Products and to the checks below the table:

									P	etroleum l	Products				
	Crude Oil	NGL	Other	Total (1)+(2)+(3)		LPG	Naphth a	Gasolin e	Total Kerosene	CH which: Jet Kerosene	Gas/ Diesel Oil	Fuel Oil	Other Products	Total Products (5)+(6) +(7) +(8) +(10) +(11) +(12)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9]	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
 Production 	235		116	351	 Refinery Output 	243	687	1810	439	439	3533	568	1153	8433	
 From Other sources 			296	296	 Receipts 	5	45	302	0	0	20	29	104	505	
• Imports	6305			6305	 Imports 	71	733	219	401	400	964	254	205	2847	
- Exports				0	- Exports	33	57	337	53	53	733	194	281	1688	
 Transferred 			745	745	- Products Transferre	4	21	122	0	0	31	107	240	525	L
- Direct Use			155	155	 Interproduct Transfe 	0	186	-185	0	0	0	0	0	1	
 Stock Change 	-123			-123	- Stock Change	-4	11	24	3	3	-362	-102	-37	467	
 Statistical Different 	396	0	187	553	- Statistical Difference	-64	22	-138	22	23	81	117	88	128	
= Refinery Intake 💦	6267		845	7112	Demand	350	1540	1801	762	760	4034	535	890	9912	
Closing stocks	19912			19912	Closing stocks	73	417	3383	1297	1293	10741	345	1082	17338	

<u>Automatic Checks</u>								
Total sum		ОК						
Statistical Differen	ce	ОК						
Stat. Diff./Refinery	Intake	Statistical Difference above 10% of Refinery Intake						
Products Transferi	red	ОК						
Negative Products	Transferre	• OK						
Blocked out cells		ОК						
Negative Stock Ya	lues	ОК						
Refinery Losses	-1,321	Reported figures imply a refinery gain. Losses should						
	_							

Automatic Checks Petroleum I	Products
Total Products sum	ок
Statistical Difference	ок
Stat. Diff. /Demand	Statistical Difference above 10% of Demand
Negative Products Transf	ier. OK
interproduct transfers	Total Products Interproduct Transfers should be zero
Jet Kerosene	OK
Negative Stock Yalues	ок

not be negative

Balance:

The refinery losses are negative = refinery gain (should be avoided). Refinery output 18% higher than refinery input 8433 / 7112 = 118%

Refinery Losses = Refinery Intake of Total Products – Refinery Output of Total Products

Other inconsistencies:

Interproduct transfer of Total Products should be equal to 0

- Interproduct transfer different from 0;
- Statistical Difference above 10% of Refinery Intake for Other primary products.
 For LPG and Fuel Oil Statistical Difference above 10% of Demand.

Possible Causes of Imbalance and Inconsistencies

- Missing data ≠ 0?
- Hidden confidential data?
- Different units?
- Does a negative output represent an input to the refineries?
- Different time spans?
- Inaccuracy (wrong data)?
- In any way, if data is close to accurate, a considerable amount of metadata is missing

3) Take 5 minutes to analyze the chart below from the Beyond 2020 table and take notes. Discuss with your colleagues.



3) Take 5 minutes to analyze the chart below from the Beyond 2020 table and take notes. Discuss with your colleagues.



In this example, crude oil production is a cumulative production starting at the beginning of each year



Thank You

Producer Dialogue

A Concrete Outcome of the Consumer

OINT ORGANISATIONS DATA INITIATIVE

For more information at **www.jodidata.org**

